|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Area** | **National target** | **Reference value** (reference year) | **Current progress** (as of) | **Implemented** (YES/NO) |
| 1. Employment | Increase total employment rate of persons aged 20–64 to 75% | 70,4 % (2010) | 80,9 %  (2019) | YES |
| Increase the employment rate of women aged 20–64 to 65% | 60,9 % (2010) | 72,3 %  (2019) | YES |
| Increase the employment rate of older persons aged 55–64 to 55% | 46,5 % (2010) | 66,6 %  (2019) | YES |
| Reduce the unemployment rate of young people aged 15–24 by a third from 2010 | 18,3 % (2010) | 7,0 %  (2019) | YES |
| Reduce unemployment of low skilled persons (ISCED 0–2) by a quarter compared to 2010 | 25 % (2010) | 11,3 %  (2019) | YES |
| 2. Poverty and social exclusion | Reduce the number of persons at risk of poverty, material deprivation or living in households with very low work intensity by 100,000 compared to 2008 | 1566 thousand (2008) | 1.264,2 thousand  (2018) | YES |
| 3. Education | Reduce the number of early school leavers to 5.5% | 4,9 % (2010) | 6,2 % (2018) | NO |
| Achieve at least 32% of the population in the 30–34 age group in tertiary education | 20,4 % (2010) | 33,7 % (2018) | YES |
| 4. Research, development and innovation | Achieve 1% of GDP in public spending on science, research, development and innovation in the Czech Republic | 0,62 % (2010) | 0,78 % (2018) | NO |
| 5. Climate and energy policy | Reduce greenhouse gas emissions – Maximum allowable increase in non-ETS emissions 9% | 0,0 % (2005) | +3,4 % (2017) | YES |
| Increase of RES share in gross final energy consumption (13%) and share of renewable sources in transport (10%) | 6 % (2005)  a 0,5 % (2005) | 14,8 % (2017)  a 6,6 % (2017) | YES  NO |
| Increasing energy efficiency – national energy efficiency target, i.e. reduce final energy consumption to a maximum of 1060 PJ by 2020. | -  (2014) | 25,5 Mtoe (2017) | NO |

**Overview of progress towards quantitative targets under Europe 2020**